

# भारत का राजपत्र

## The Gazette of India

प्राधिकार  
EXTRAORDINARY

भाग II—खण्ड 2  
PART II—Section 2

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इस भाग में मिश्र पृष्ठ संख्या वी जाती है जिससे कि यह प्रलग संकलन के रूप में रखा जा सके।

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed  
as a separate compilation.

### LOK SABHA

The following Bill was introduced in Lok Sabha on 3rd August, 1992:—

BILL No. 129 OF 1992

*A Bill further to amend the Finance Act, 1987.*

BE it enacted by Parliament in the Forty-third Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

1. (1) This Act may be called the Foreign Exchange Conservation (Travel) Tax Abolition Act, 1992.

Short title  
and  
commence-  
ment.

(2) It shall be deemed to have come into force on the 1st day of June, 1992.

Omis-  
sion of  
Chapter  
V of  
Finance  
Act, 1987.

2. Chapter V of the Finance Act, 1987 (hereinafter referred to as the principal Act), relating to the Foreign Exchange Conservation (Travel) Tax, shall be omitted.

11 of 1987.

Ord. 8  
of 1992.

3. (1) The Foreign Exchange Conservation (Travel) Tax Abolition Ordinance, 1992 is hereby repealed.

Repeal  
and  
saving.

(2) Notwithstanding such repeal, anything done or any action taken under the principal Act, as amended by the said Ordinance, shall be deemed to have been done or taken under the principal Act, as amended by this Act.

## STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS

The Government had been receiving representations from time to time for abolition of, or exemption from, the Foreign Exchange Conservation (Travel) Tax in respect of foreign exchange releases for travel abroad under various schemes like the Returning Indians Foreign Exchange Entitlement Scheme, etc., as it added to the cost of acquisition of foreign exchange significantly after devaluation of the rupee. Further, with the introduction of partial convertibility of the rupee and the Liberalised Exchange Rate Management System, foreign exchange for travel abroad is now required to be purchased at the market rate and the levy of 15 per cent. on foreign exchange so obtained made the effective cost of the foreign exchange quite high. It is, therefore, felt that since foreign exchange for foreign travel is being made available at market rate, there is no need for continuing the Foreign Exchange Conservation (Travel) Tax. Government, therefore, decided to abolish the levy of 15 per cent. on foreign exchange released in connection with all types of travel abroad with effect from 1st June, 1992. As the Parliament was not in session, the President promulgated the Foreign Exchange Conservation (Travel) Tax Abolition Ordinance, 1992 on 29th May, 1992 for this purpose.

2. The Bill seeks to replace the said Ordinance.

NEW DELHI;

*The 28th July, 1992.*

MANMOHAN SINGH.

C. K. JAIN,  
*Secretary-General.*